



Name \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_ Pd \_\_\_\_\_

## Cell Organelles Worksheet

Complete the following table by writing the name of the cell part or organelle in the right hand column that matches the structure/function in the left hand column. A cell part may be used more than once.

<b>Structure/Function</b>	<b>Cell Part</b>
1. Stores material within the cell	<b>Vacuole</b>
2. Closely stacked, flattened sacs (plants only)	<b>Chloroplasts (grana)</b>
3. The sites of protein synthesis	<b>Ribosome</b>
4. Transports materials within the cell	<b>Vesicles</b>
5. Jelly-like substance in the cell	<b>Cytoplasm</b>
6. Organelle that manages or controls all the cell functions in a eukaryotic cell	<b>Nucleus</b>
7. Contains chlorophyll, a green pigment that traps energy from sunlight and gives plants their green color	<b>Chloroplasts</b>
8. Digests excess or worn-out cell parts, food particles and invading viruses or bacteria	<b>Lysosome/Peroxisome</b>
9. Small bumps located on portions of the endoplasmic reticulum	<b>Ribosome</b>
10. Provides temporary storage of food, enzymes and waste products	<b>Vesicles</b>
11. Firm, protective structure that gives the cell its shape in plants, fungi, most bacteria and some protists	<b>Cell Wall</b>
12. Produces a usable form of energy for the cell	<b>Mitochondrion</b>
13. Packages proteins for transport out of the cell	<b>Golgi Apparatus</b>
14. Produces lipids	<b>Smooth ER</b>
15. Site where ribosomes are made	<b>Nucleolus</b>
16. The membrane surrounding the cell	<b>Plasma Membrane</b>
17. Provides support for the cell	<b>Cytoskeleton</b>

Name \_\_\_\_\_  
Date \_\_\_\_\_ Pd \_\_\_\_\_

18. Collection of DNA in the nucleus of eukaryotic cells	<b>Chromatin</b>
19. Consist of hollow tubes which provide support for the cell	<b>Microtubules/Microfilaments</b>
20. Small hair-like structures used for movement or sensing things	<b>Cilia</b>
21. Composed of a phospholipid bilayer	<b>Cell Membrane</b>
22. Longer whip-like structures used for movement	<b>Flagellum</b>

Put each of the following organelles into one of the four columns, based on their role in metabolism

*Lysosomes      Mitochondria      Plasma membrane      Vesicles*

<b>Ingestion</b>	<b>Digestion</b>	<b>Respiration</b>	<b>Excretion</b>
<b>Vesicles/Plasma Membrane</b>	<b>Lysosome</b>	<b>Mitochondria</b>	<b>Vesicles/Plasma membrane</b>

Put a check in the appropriate column(s) to indicate whether the following organelles are found in plant cells, animal cells or both.

<b>Organelle</b>	<b>Plant Cells</b>	<b>Animal Cells</b>
Cell Wall	<b>X</b>	
Vesicle	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>
Chloroplast	<b>X</b>	
Chromatin	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>
Cytoplasm	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>
Cytoskeleton	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>
Endoplasmic reticulum	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>
Golgi apparatus	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>

<b>Organelle</b>	<b>Plant Cells</b>	<b>Animal Cells</b>
Lysosome		<b>X</b>
Mitochondria	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>
Nucleolus	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>
Nucleus	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>
Plasma membrane	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>
Ribosome	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>
Vacuole ( <b>Central</b> )	<b>X</b>	